# WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

### **2016 REGULAR SESSION**

**Committee Substitute** 

for

## Senate Bill 146

BY SENATORS PLYMALE AND UNGER

[Originating in the Committee on Education; reported

on January 25, 2016]

- 1 A BILL to amend and reenact §18-5-44 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating
- 2 to replacing days per week requirement for early childhood education programs with
- 3 instructional minutes per week and instructional minutes per year requirements.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

1 That §18-5-44 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and 2 reenacted to read as follows:

### **ARTICLE 5. COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION.**

#### §18-5-44. Early childhood education programs.

(a) For the purposes of this section, <u>an</u> "early childhood education <u>program</u>" means
 programs <u>a program created under this section</u> for children who have attained the age of four
 prior to September 1 of the school year in which the pupil enters <u>the children enter</u> the program.
 created in this section

(b) *Findings*. –

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- 6 (1) Among other positive outcomes, early childhood education programs have been7 determined to:
- 8 (A) Improve overall readiness when children enter school;
- 9 (B) Decrease behavioral problems;

10 (C) Improve student attendance;

11 (D) Increase scores on achievement tests;

12 (E) Decrease the percentage of students repeating a grade; and

13 (F) Decrease the number of students placed in special education programs;

14 (2) Quality early childhood education programs improve school performance and low-

quality early childhood education programs may have negative effects, especially for at-riskchildren;

(3) West Virginia has the lowest percentage of its adult population twenty-five years of age
or older with a bachelor's degree and the education level of parents is a strong indicator of how
their children will perform in school;

(4) During the 2006-2007 school year, West Virginia ranked thirty-ninth among the fifty
states in the percentage of school children eligible for free and reduced lunches and this
percentage is a strong indicator of how the children will perform in school;

(5) For the school year 2008-2009, 13,135 students were enrolled in prekindergarten, a
number equal to approximately sixty-three percent of the number of students enrolled in
kindergarten;

(6) Excluding projected increases due to increases in enrollment in the early childhood
education program, projections indicate that total student enrollment in West Virginia will decline
by one percent, or by approximately 2,704 students, by the school year 2012-2013;

(7) In part, because of the dynamics of the state aid formula, county boards will continue
to enroll four-year-old students to offset the declining enrollments;

(8) West Virginia has a comprehensive kindergarten program for five-year-olds, but the
program was established in a manner that resulted in unequal implementation among the
counties, which helped create deficit financial situations for several county boards;

(9) Expansion of current efforts to implement a comprehensive early childhood education
 program should avoid the problems encountered in kindergarten implementation;

36 (10) Because of the dynamics of the state aid formula, counties experiencing growth are
 37 at a disadvantage in implementing comprehensive early childhood education programs; and

38 (11) West Virginia citizens will benefit from the establishment of quality comprehensive
39 early childhood education programs.

(c) Beginning no later than the school year 2012-2013, and continuing thereafter, county boards shall provide early childhood education programs for all children who have attained the age of four prior to September 1 of the school year in which the <u>pupil enters</u> <u>children enter</u> the early childhood education program. Beginning no later than the school year 2016-2017, and continuing thereafter, <u>these</u> early childhood education programs that are full day and five days <del>per week shall be available to all children meeting the age requirement set forth in the subsection</del>

#### 46 shall provide at least forty-eight thousand minutes annually and no less than fifteen hundred

47 <u>minutes of instruction per week</u>.

48 (d) The program shall meet the following criteria:

49 (1) It shall be voluntary, except <u>that</u>, upon enrollment, the provisions of section <del>one</del> <u>one-</u>
50 <u>a</u>, article eight of this chapter apply to an enrolled student, subject to subdivision <del>(3)</del> <u>(4)</u> of this
51 subsection;

52 (2) <u>It shall be open to</u> all children meeting the age requirement set forth in this section;
53 shall have the opportunity to enroll in a program that is full day and five

54 (3) It shall provide no less days than fifteen hundred minutes of instruction per week, in a 55 full day program with at least forty-eight thousand minutes of instruction annually; The program may be for fewer than five days per week and may be less than full day based on family need if 56 57 a sufficient number of families request such programs and the county board finds that such 58 programs are in the best interest of the requesting families and students: Provided. That the ability 59 of families to request programs that are fewer than five days a week or less than a full day does not relieve the county of the obligation to provide all resident children with the opportunity to enroll 60 61 in a full-day program and

62 (3) (4) It shall permit a parent of a <u>an enrolled</u> child enrolled in an early education program 63 may to withdraw a <u>the</u> child from that program for good cause by notifying the district. Good 64 cause includes, but is not limited to, enrollment of the child in another program or the immaturity 65 of the child. A child withdrawn under this section is not subject to the attendance provisions of 66 this chapter until that child again enrolls in a public school in this state.

(e) Enrollment of students in Head Start, <u>or</u> in any other program approved by the state
superintendent as provided in <del>subsection (k) of</del> this section, may be counted toward satisfying the
requirement of subsection (c) of this section.

(f) For the purposes of implementation financing, all counties are encouraged to make useof funds from existing sources, including:

(1) Federal funds provided under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act pursuant
to 20 U. S. C. §6301, *et seq.*;

74 (2) Federal funds provided for Head Start pursuant to 42 U. S. C. §9831, et seq.;

75 (3) Federal funds for temporary assistance to needy families pursuant to 42 U. S. C. §601,
76 *et seq.*;

(4) Funds provided by the School Building Authority pursuant to article nine-d of thischapter;

(5) In the case of counties with declining enrollments, funds from the state aid formula
above the amount indicated for the number of students actually enrolled in any school year; and

81 (6) Any other public or private funds.

82 (g) Each county board shall develop a plan for implementing the program required by this83 section. The plan shall include the following elements:

84 (1) An analysis of the demographics of the county related to early childhood education85 program implementation;

86 (2) An analysis of facility and personnel needs;

87 (3) Financial requirements for implementation and potential sources of funding to assist88 implementation;

(4) Details of how the county board will cooperate and collaborate with other early
childhood education programs including, but not limited to, Head Start, to maximize federal and
other sources of revenue;

92 (5) Specific time lines for implementation; and

93 (6) Any other items the state board may require by policy.

94 (h) A county board shall submit its plan to the Secretary of the Department of Health and

95 Human Resources. The secretary shall approve the plan if the following conditions are met:

96 (1) The county board has maximized the use of federal and other available funds for early
97 childhood programs; and

98 (2) The county board has provided for the maximum implementation of Head Start
 99 programs and other public and private programs approved by the state superintendent pursuant
 100 to the terms of subsection (k) of this section; and or

101 (3) If the <u>The</u> Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources <u>secretary</u> 102 finds that, <u>if</u> the county board has not met one or more of the requirements of this subsection, <del>but</del> 103 that the county board has acted in good faith and the failure to comply was not the primary fault 104 of the county board. then the secretary shall approve the plan. Any denial by the secretary may 105 be appealed to the circuit court of the county in which the county board is located.

(i) The county board shall submit its plan for approval to the state board. The state board
shall approve the plan if the county board has complied substantially with the requirements of
subsection (g) of this section and has obtained the approval required in subsection (h) of this
section.

(j) Every county board shall submit its plan for reapproval by the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources and by the state board at least every two years after the initial approval of the plan and until full implementation of the early childhood education program in the county. As part of the submission, the county board shall provide a detailed statement of the progress made in implementing its plan. The standards and procedures provided for the original approval of the plan apply to any reapproval.

(k) A county board may not increase the total number of students enrolled in the county in
an early childhood program until its program is approved by the Secretary of the Department of
Health and Human Resources and the state board.

(I) The state board annually may grant a county board a waiver for total or partialimplementation if the state board finds that all of the following conditions exist:

121 (1) The county board is unable to comply either because:

122 (A) It does not have sufficient facilities available; or

123 (B) It does not and has not had available funds sufficient to implement the program;

124 (2) The county has not experienced a decline in enrollment at least equal to the total125 number of students to be enrolled; and

(3) Other agencies of government have not made sufficient funds or facilities available toassist in implementation.

Any county board seeking a waiver shall apply with the supporting data to meet the criteria for which they are eligible on or before March 25 for the following school year. The state superintendent shall grant or deny the requested waiver on or before April 15 of that same year.

(m) The provisions of subsections (b), (c) and (d), section eighteen of this article relating
to kindergarten apply to early childhood education programs in the same manner in which they
apply to kindergarten programs.

(n) Annually, the state board shall report to the Legislative Oversight Commission on
 Education Accountability on the progress of implementation of this section.

(o) Except as required by federal law or regulation, no county board may enroll studentswho will be less than four years of age prior to September 1 for the year they enter school.

(p) Neither the state board nor the state department may provide any funds to any county
board for the purpose of implementing this section unless the county board has a plan approved
pursuant to subsections (h), (i) and (j) of this section.

(q) The state board shall promulgate a rule in accordance with the provisions of article
three-b, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code for the purposes of implementing the provisions of this
section. The state board shall consult with the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human
Resources in the preparation of the rule. The rule shall contain the following:

- 145 (1) Standards for curriculum;
- 146 (2) Standards for preparing students;

147 (3) Attendance requirements;

148 (4) Standards for personnel; and

149 (5) Any other terms necessary to implement the provisions of this section.

150 (r) The rule shall include the following elements relating to curriculum standards:

(1) A requirement that the curriculum be designed to address the developmental needs of
four-year-old children consistent with prevailing research on how children learn;

(2) A requirement that the curriculum be designed to achieve long-range goals for thesocial, emotional, physical and academic development of young children;

(3) A method for including a broad range of content that is relevant, engaging andmeaningful to young children;

(4) A requirement that the curriculum incorporate a wide variety of learning experiences,
materials and equipment, and instructional strategies to respond to differences in prior
experience, maturation rates and learning styles that young children bring to the classroom;

160 (5) A requirement that the curriculum be designed to build on what children already know
161 in order to consolidate their learning and foster their acquisition of new concepts and skills;

162 (6) A requirement that the curriculum meet the recognized standards of the relevant163 subject matter disciplines;

164 (7) A requirement that the curriculum engage children actively in the learning process and
 165 provide them with opportunities to make meaningful choices;

(8) A requirement that the curriculum emphasize the development of thinking, reasoning,decision-making and problem-solving skills;

(9) A set of clear guidelines for communicating with parents and involving them indecisions about the instructional needs of their children; and

(10) A systematic plan for evaluating program success in meeting the needs of youngchildren and for helping them to be ready to succeed in school.

(s) The secretary and the state superintendent shall submit a report to the Legislative
Oversight Commission on Education Accountability and the Joint Committee on Government and
Finance which addresses, at a minimum, the following issues:

(1) A summary of the approved county plans for providing the early childhood educationprograms pursuant to this section;

(2) An analysis of the total cost to the state and county boards of implementing the plans;
(3) A separate analysis of the impact of the plans on counties with increasing enrollment;
and

(4) An analysis of the effect of the programs on the maximization of the use of federalfunds for early childhood programs.

182 The intent of this subsection is to enable the Legislature to proceed in a fiscally responsible 183 manner and make any necessary program improvements based on reported information prior to 184 implementation of the early childhood education programs.

(t) After the school year 2012-2013, on or before July 1 of each year, each county board
shall report the following information to the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human
Resources and the state superintendent:

(1) Documentation indicating the extent to which county boards are maximizing resources
by using the existing capacity of community-based programs, including, but not limited to, Head
Start and child care; and

(2) For those county boards that are including eligible children attending approved,
contracted community-based programs in their net enrollment for the purposes of calculating state
aid pursuant to article nine-a of this chapter, documentation that the county board is equitably
distributing funding for all children regardless of setting.